Medical Terminology: An Illustrated Guide, Ninth Edition (Cohen)

Worksheet

Chapter 4—Integumentary System

True or False

Examine the following statements. If the statement is true, write "True." If the statement is false, write "False."

1. The dermis is the outermost portion of the skin.

- 2. Sebaceous glands secrete sweat.
- 3. Cicatrization is scar formation.
- 4. Keratin is found in subcutaneous tissue.
- 5. The medical term for baldness is alopecia.
- 6. Squamous cell and basal cell carcinomas involve epithelial tissue.
- 7. Shingles is caused by a fungal infection.
- 8. Inflammation of the fingernail is called onychia.
- 9. Cutaneous tissue is found in the integumentary system.

10. A symptom of scleroderma is thinning of the skin.

Fill-in-the-Blank

Complete the sentence with the correct term(s).

- 11. The uppermost portion of the skin is the
- 12. The layer of tissue beneath the skin is described as
- 13. The oily secretion that lubricates the skin is
- 14. The main pigment in skin is .

15. The protein that makes up hair and na	ails is			
16. The study of the skin and skin diseas	es is			
17. A tumor of melanocytes is called				
18. Alopecia is a loss of				
19. A fungal infection of the hair is terms	ed .			
20. Itchiness can be relieved by using a(r	n) age	nt.		
21. The medical term for a mole or birth	mark is			
22. The medical term for a wart is				
23. Sweat is produced by a(n)	gland.			
24. Skin, hair, and nails make up the	system.			
25. The root <i>onych/o</i> means				
26. An agent that prevents or relieves itcl	hing is a(n)			
27. A gland that produces sebum is the				
28. The skin and its associated glands, ha	air, and nails make up the	system.		
29. The layer of tissue beneath the skin is	s thet	issue.		
30 means producing or secreting sweat or pertaining to a sweat gland.				
31. The term re	fers to study of the skin and dis	seases of the skin.		
32. The process of scar formation is know	vn as	(hint: a scar is a cicatrix).		
33. A chronic hereditary dermatitis with red lesions covered by silvery scales is known as				
34. Profuse sweating is called				
35. The skin gland that vents directly to the surface of the body is the				

Matching

Match the following terms, and write the appropriate letter next to each term.

36.

Term hypohidrosis keratosis trichomycosis paronychia

37.

Term stratum corneum pyoderma exudate dehiscence

38.

Term escharotomy scleroderma psoriasis vesicle

39.

Term urticaria macule diaphoresis seborrhea

Definition

- A. fungal infection of a hair
- B. horny growth of skin
- C. inflammation around a nail
- D. deficiency of sweat production

Definition

- A. material that drains from a wound
- B. uppermost layer of the epidermis
- C. disruption of a wound
- D. presence of pus in the skin

Definition

- A. hardening of the skin
- B. removal of a scab
- C. a fluid-filled blister
- D. skin disease with redness and silvery scales

Definition

A. excess flow of sebumB. hivesC. profuse sweatingD. a flat colored spot

Pronounce It

For each phonetic transcription in this section, pronounce the term aloud and write it in the space provided, being careful to spell it correctly.

43. KE-loyd

44. PEM-fih-gus

3

45. pru-RI-tus	
46. so-RI-ah-sis	
47. al-o-PE-she-ah	
48. eks-AN-them	
49. ku-TA-ne-us	
50. KER-ah-tin	
51. SE-bum	
52. sik-ah-trih-ZA-shun	
53. de-HIS-ens	
54. EK-ze-mah	
55. se-BA-shus	
56. sub-ku-TA-ne-us	
57. su-dor-IF-er-us	
58. in-teg-u-MEN-tah-re	

Word Building

For each item in this section, select the correct word parts from the bank below to form the term that matches the definition. Word parts may be used more than once.

Word Bank		
a	ichthy	onych
aden	itis	path
an	lysis	sis
brom	malacia	tome
derm	0	trich
hidr	oid	У
59. Congenital disor	der of dry scaly skin	
60. Loosening or ser	paration of the skin	

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61. Instrument for cutting skin	
62. Inflammation of a sweat gland	
63. Resembling skin	
64. Softening of a nail	
65. Like or resembling a hair	
66. Production of foul-smelling sweat	
67. Any disease of the skin	
68. Absence of sweating	

Sorting

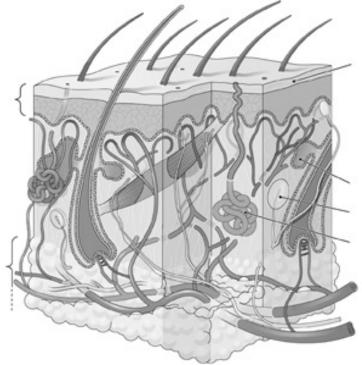
For each word part category in this section, list the corresponding word parts from the bank below.

<i>Word Bank</i> dermis macule melanoma papule	pemphigus psoriasis scleroderma sebaceous gland	stratum basale sudoriferous gland vesicle wheal
69. parts of the skin		
70. skin lesions		
71. skin disorders		

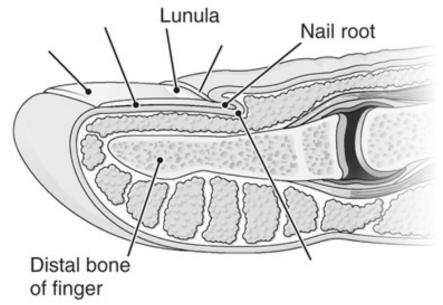
Look and Label

For each image in this section, write each label indicated on the image in the correct location or near the image with a line pointing from the label to the correct location on the image.

72. Labels: epidermis, pressure receptor, sebaceous gland, stratum corneum, subcutaneous layer, sweat gland



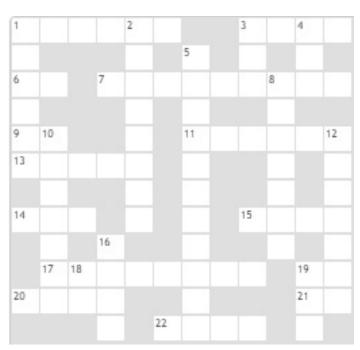
73. Labels: cuticle, growth region, nail bed, nail plate



Crossword Puzzle

Complete the crossword puzzle using the clues provided.





Across

- 1. Horny layer of the skin: combining form
- 3. Inflammation of a sweat gland: ____ adenitis
- 6. Autoimmune disease that affects the skin: abbreviation
- 7. Excess growth of hair
- 9. Within the skin: abbreviation
- 11. Viral disease that affects the skin
- 13. Skin: combining form
- 14. Three: prefix
- 15. Scar: _____ trix
- 17. Examination by pressing a glass plate against the skin
- 19. True, good, easy: prefix
- 20. Half: prefix starting with s
- 21. Part of a medical history: ____H: abbreviation
- 22. Under, below, decreased: prefix

Down

- 1. Raised, thickened scar
- 2. Pertaining to a hair
- 3. Measurement of packed red cells: abbreviation
- 4. Abnormal, painful: prefix
- 5. Removal of scab tissue
- 8. Bacterial skin infection common in children: _____ o

- 10. Remove dead tissue, as from a wound
- 12. A layer, as of the skin
- 16. Meaning of the root onych/o
- 18. A route of injection: abbreviation
- 19. On, over: prefix

Case Study

Read the following case study carefully. Complete the sentence with the correct term(s).

Consultation: Seborrheic Keratosis

HISTORY OF PRESENT ILLNESS: The patient is a 58-year-old male who comes in complaining of a mole localized on the right side of the parietal area of his head. He has had this problem for at least 1 year. He is concerned that this skin lesion is getting bigger over the past several months. Otherwise, he is asymptomatic.

PAST MEDICAL HISTORY: He has chronic posterior nasal drainage that causes chronic cough, mainly at nighttime. He also has chronic nasal congestion. He denies previous history of asthma. The patient denies any previous history of skin cancer.

PAST SURGICAL HISTORY: The patient is status post bilateral carpal tunnel operations on both hands.

ALLERGIES: The patient refers that he is allergic to penicillin and allergic to Bactrim. He states that whenever he takes these medications, he has an erythematous rash as well as hives.

SOCIAL HISTORY: The patient does not smoke cigarettes. He drinks approximately one to two 12-ounce beers per day. He does not do any regular exercise. He works as a bird biologist.

FAMILY HISTORY: Unremarkable.

REVIEW OF SYSTEMS: Unremarkable.

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION: Vital signs: Temperature 97.6, heart rate 80, respiratory rate 20, blood pressure 120/70. Weight 196 pounds. General description: Middle-aged male with no respiratory distress. HEENT exam is unremarkable. Neck exam is unremarkable. Lungs clear to auscultation. Cardiovascular exam: S1, S2, regular rhythm. No S3, no S4, no murmurs. Abdomen: Unremarkable. Extremities: No edema. Peripheral pulses are symmetric. Neurologic: The patient is alert and oriented to place, time, and person. There are no focal sensory motor deficits. Examination of the skin reveals a 0.5-cm papule localized on the right parietal area of the scalp. This lesion is round in shape with well-defined borders. Examination of the back reveals a 1-cm papule with well-defined borders localized in the left upper back with mild hyperpigmentation. There are two similar lesions surrounding the first lesion in the left upper back with similar characteristics. The patient has several hyperpigmented lesions in the upper back that are symmetric and with well-defined borders. These lesions are mainly macules, although there are some papules with well-defined borders.

ASSESSMENT AND PLAN

- 1. Seborrheic keratosis. The patient was reassured regarding the benign nature of these skin lesions. There is no evidence of malignancy at the moment. The patient's wife was also taught about the characteristics of seborrheic keratosis. The patient will perform a monthly skin lesion exam to rule out the possibility of skin cancer and melanoma. The patient's wife will perform the same evaluation of the skin on patient's back.
- 2. Health maintenance. This will be addressed by this patient's primary care physician in his home state. The patient refers that he lives here just for a few months in a year. He will soon move home again.
- 75. Carpal tunnel operations involve the
- 76. "Lungs clear to auscultation" means that were heard with a stethoscope.
- 77. S1 and S2 refer to